

# Amerlock® 400

Amerlock Series

High-solids epoxy coating

## Product Data/ Application Instructions

- Low VOC
- High-performance general maintenance coating for new or old steel
- Cures through wide temperature range
- Self-priming topcoat over most existing coatings
- Can be overcoated with wide range of topcoats
- Compatible with prepared damp surfaces
- Compatible with adherent rust remaining on prepared surfaces
- 5 mils or more in a single coat
- Resists high humidity and moisture
- Temperature resistance to 450°F on insulated or uninsulated surfaces when mixed with Amercoat 880 glass flake additive
- Can be applied to substrates with temperatures up to 250°F

Amerlock's low solvent level meets VOC requirements, reduces the chances for film pinholing and solvent entrapment at the substrate-coating interface, often a major cause of coating failure with conventional epoxies and lower solids systems.

Amerlock 400 is available in a variety of colors, including aluminum, and therefore does not require a topcoat. For extended weatherability or special uses, a topcoat may be desired.

### Typical Uses

Amerlock 400 is used in those areas where blasting is impractical or impossible. As a maintenance coating, Amerlock 400 protects steel structures in industrial facilities, bridges, tank exteriors, marine weathering, offshore, oil tanks, piping, roofs, water towers and other exposures. Amerlock 400 has good chemical resistance to splash/spillage, fumes and immersion in neutral, fresh and salt water (see resistance table). Contact your PPG representative for specific information.

### Typical Properties

#### Physical

Abrasion resistance (ASTM D4060)	
1 kg load/1000 cycles	weight loss
CS-17 wheel	102 mg
Impact resistance (ASTM D2794)	
Direct	24 in • lb
Reverse	6 in • lb
Moisture vapor transmission (ASTM D1653)	
	6.28g/m <sup>2</sup> /24hrs.
Adhesion (ASTM D4541)	
	900 psi

#### Performance

Salt spray (ASTM B117) 3000 hours	
Face blistering	None
Humidity (ASTM D2247) 750 hours	
Face corrosion, blistering	None
Immersion (NACE TM-01-69) fresh water 1 year	
blistering	None

### Qualifications

USDA – Incidental food contact  
 NFPA – Class A  
 NSF Standard 61\* – For use in drinking water, valves only.

\* For NSF application information, please visit our website at [www.ppgamercoatus.ppgpmc.com/NSF/](http://www.ppgamercoatus.ppgpmc.com/NSF/)



### Physical Data

Finish	Semigloss
Color	Standard, Rapid Response, custom colors and aluminum

*White and light colors may show yellowing on aging. Use of Amercoat 861 with white or light colors will slightly discolor.*

*Yellow, red and orange colors will fade faster than other colors due to the replacement of lead-based pigments with lead-free pigments in these colors*

Components	2
Curing mechanism	Solvent release and chemical reaction between components

Volume solids (ASTM D2697 modified)	85% ± 3%
Dry film thickness (per coat)	4-8 mils (100-200 microns)

Coats	1 or 2	
Theoretical coverage	ft <sup>2</sup> /gal	m <sup>2</sup> /L
1 mil (25 microns)		
400	1331	32.6
400AL	1412	34.7
5 mils (125 microns)		
400	266	6.5
400AL	282	6.9
VOC	lb/gal	g/L
400 mixed*	1.5	180
Directive 1999/13/EC, SED	1.4	163
400AL mixed**	1.0	120
mixed/thinned (1 ½ pt/gal)**	2.0	240

\* EPA method 24

\*\* Calculated

Temperature resistance,*	wet		dry	
400	°F	°C	°F	°C
continuous	100	38	200	93
intermittent	100	38	350	177
with 880 (1 gal can/2 gal mix)				
continuous	100	38	425	218
intermittent	100	38	450	232

\* At temperatures above 200°F, dry film thickness must not exceed 10 mils (250 microns).

Some discoloration and darkening will occur at temperatures greater than 200°F, this will not affect film integrity or coating performance.

Flash point (SETA)	°F	°C
2/400 resin	131	55
400 cure	85	29
2AL/400AL resin	110	43
400AL cure	116	47
Amercoat® 8	20	-7
Amercoat 65	78	25
Amercoat 101	145	63
Amercoat 12	2	-17

\* Amerlock 400 resin and Amerlock 2 resin are identical, and are packaged under a common label as Amerlock 2/400 resin. Amerlock 400 cure and Amerlock 2 cure are different, and are labeled individually.

## Chemical Resistance Guide

Environment	Immersion		Splash and Spillage		Fumes and Weather	
	400	400AL	400	400AL	400	400AL
Acidic	*	*	F	F	G	G
Alkaline	*	*	E	G	E	E
Solvents	*	*	G	G	E	E
Salt water	E	E	E	E	E	E
Water	E	E	E	E	E	E

F-Fair G-Good E-Excellent

\*Contact your PPG representative.

This table is only a guide to show typical resistances of Amerlock 400 and 400AL. For specific recommendations, contact your PPG representative for your particular corrosion protection needs.

### Systems using Amerlock 400 or 400AL

1 <sup>st</sup> coat	2 <sup>nd</sup> Coat***	3 <sup>rd</sup> coat***
400	None	None
400	450H Series	None
Amershield™ 400**	None 400	None
Dimetcote® 9 Series	400	None
Dimetcote 9 Series	400	450H Series

\*\*Water immersion.

\*\*\*For color contrast when 2 coats of 400AL are used, 400AL red can be used as first coat.

### Recoat/Topcoat time

	°F/°C		
minimum (hours)	90/32	70/21	50/10
400	8	16	30
400 with 1 pt 861	4	7	16
400AL	3	12	48
400AL with ½ pt 861	3	5	12

### Recoat/Topcoat time @ 70°F (21°C)

System	Maximum time
400/400	3 months
400 with 861/400	1 month
400/Amershield or 450H Series	1 month
400/5405	1 day
400 with 861/Amershield or 450H Series	2 weeks

Drying times are dependent on air and surface temperatures as well as film thickness, ventilation and relative humidity. Maximum recoating time is highly dependent upon actual surface temperatures - not simply ambient air temperatures. Surface temperatures should be monitored, especially with sun-exposed or otherwise heated surfaces. Higher surface temperatures shorten the maximum recoat window. An extended recoatable window may be allowable in some circumstances. Please contact your PPG PMS representative for more details.

Note: If maximum time is exceeded, roughen surface. For topcoats (finish coats) not listed, see Product Data sheet for specific topcoat time limitations.

## Surface Preparation

Coating performance is, in general, proportional to the degree of surface preparation. Abrasive blasting is usually the most effective and economical method. When this is impossible or impractical, Amerlock 400 can be applied over mechanically cleaned surfaces. All surfaces must be clean, dry and free of all contaminants, including salt deposits.

Amerlock 400 may be used over most types of properly prepared and tightly adhering coatings. A test patch is recommended for use over existing coatings.

**Steel** – Remove all loose rust, dirt, moisture, grease or other contaminants from surface. Power-tool clean SSPC-SP3 or hand-tool clean SSPC-SP2. For more severe environments, dry abrasive blast SSPC-SP7. Water blasting is also acceptable. For immersion service – dry abrasive blast SSPC-SP10. For high-heat service on uninsulated substrates, abrasive blast per SSPC-SP6. For insulated substrates, abrasive blast per SSPC-SP10. In both cases, a 2-3 mil profile must be obtained.

**Aluminum** – Remove oil, grease or soap film with neutral detergent or emulsion cleaner, treat with Alodine® 1200, Alumiprep® or equivalent or blast lightly with fine abrasive.

**Galvanizing** – Remove oil or soap film with detergent or emulsion cleaner, then use zinc treatment such as Galvaprep® or equivalent or blast lightly with fine abrasive.

**Concrete** – Acid etching (ASTM D4260) or abrasive blast (ASTM D4259) new concrete cured a minimum of 14 days.

## Application Data

Applied over	Steel, concrete, aluminum, galvanizing					
Surface preparation	SSPC-SP2, 3, 6, 7, 10, 11, or 12					
Steel	ASTM D4259 or 4260					
Concrete	Alodine®, Alumiprep® or light abrasive blast					
Aluminum	Galvaprep® or light abrasive blast					
Galvanizing	Galvaprep® or light abrasive blast					
Method	Airless or conventional spray. Brush or roller may require additional coats.					
Mixing ratio (by volume)	1 part resin to 1 part cure					
Pot life (hours)	°F/°C					
861 Accelerator	Amerlock	90/32	70/21	50/10	32/0	
Amount	/mixed 5 gal					
None	400	1	2	3	7	
	400AL	3½	5½	10	15	
½ pt	400	1	1½	2½	4	
	400AL	1	1½	2½	4	
1 pt	400	½	1	1½	2	

Pot life is the period of time after mixing that a five-gallon unit of material is sprayable when thinned as recommended. Mixture may appear fluid beyond this time, but spraying and film build characteristics may be impaired.

### Environmental conditions

Product	Air or Surface Temperature
Amerlock 400	40° to 250°F (4° to 121°C)
Amerlock 400 AL	40° to 122°F (4° to 50°C)
Amerlock with 861	20° to 122°F (-6° to 50°C)
Amerlock 400 with 101*	123° to 250°F (51° to 121°C)

Surface temperatures must be at least 5°F (3°C) above dew point to prevent condensation. At freezing temperatures, surface must be free of ice.

Do not use Amerlock 400AL on water damp surfaces.

\*Amerlock 400 may be applied to surfaces as hot as 250° (121°C). When applying Amerlock 400 to surfaces between 122°F and 250°F, thin ½ pint per gallon with Amercoat 101 thinner. Multiple passes may be required to achieve film build and to avoid solvent blistering.

### Drying time (ASTM D1640) (hours)

861 Amt	Amerlock /mixed 5 gal	touch °F/°C					
		120/49	90/32	70/21	50/10	32/0	20/-6
None	400	1½	4½	9	28	96	NR
	400AL	1	4	12	36	96	NR
½ pt	400	1½	3	5	24	72	120
	400AL	1	1½	2½	5	10	24
1 pt	400	1	2	4	15	48	96

### Drying time continued

None	400	through					
		6	12	20	48	140	NR
	400AL	1½	7½	24	72	216	NR
½ pt	400	3	6	10	30	96	180
	400AL	2	4	9	24	48	120
1 pt	400	2½	5	9	24	72	160

### Cure for immersion (days)

None	400	2	4	7	21	NR	NR
	400AL	2	4	7	21	NR	NR
½ pt	400AL	1	2	3	7	21	NR
1 pt	400	1	2	3	7	21	NR

Amercoat 861 Accelerator will slightly discolor Amerlock 400 white and other Amerlock light colors.

NR = Not recommended

Thinner Amercoat 8, 65, or 101  
 Equipment cleaner Thinner or Amercoat 12

## Application Equipment

The following is a guide; suitable equipment from other manufacturers may be used. Changes in pressure, hose and tip size may be needed for proper spray characteristics.

**Airless spray** – Standard equipment with 30:1 pump ratio or larger, with a 0.017- to 0.021-inch fluid tip.

**Conventional spray** – Industrial equipment, such as DeVilbiss MBC or JGA or Binks 18 or 62 spray gun. A moisture and oil trap in the main air supply line, a pressure material pot with mechanical agitator and separate regulators of air and fluid pressure are recommended.

**Power mixer** – Jiffy Mixer powered by an air or explosion-proof electric motor.

**Brush or roller** – Additional coats may be required to attain proper thickness.

## Application Procedure

1. Flush all equipment with thinner or Amercoat® 12 before use.
2. Stir resin and cure using an explosion-proof power mixer to disperse pigments.
3. Add cure to resin. Mix thoroughly until uniformly blended to a workable consistency. For low temperature application, use Amercoat 861 accelerator. Do not exceed the 1 pint Amercoat 861 accelerator per 5 gallon unit recommendation.
4. Do not mix more material than can be used within the expected pot life.
5. For optimum application, material should be from 50° to 90°F (10° to 32°C). Above 122°F (50°C), sagging may occur.
6. Use only PPG recommended thinners. For potable water applications, see current NSF listing at [www.nsf.org](http://www.nsf.org) for approved thinners and thinning restrictions. For other applications, above 85°F (29°C) use Amercoat 8, or 101 at lower temperatures use Amercoat 65. A small amount of thinner greatly reduces viscosity; excessive thinning will cause running or sagging. Thin cautiously as follows:

Amercoat 8 or 65 thinner	400	400AL
Airless – up to	¼ pt/gal	1½ pt/gal
Conventional – up to	½ pt/gal	1½ pt/gal

Below 50°F additional thinning may be needed and multiple coats required to achieve specified thickness.

Above 122°F, up to 250°F surface temperatures, use Amercoat 101 thinner sparingly to promote flow and leveling. Excessive thinning will cause running or sagging.

7. To minimize orange peel appearance, adjust conventional spray equipment to obtain adequate atomization at lowest air pressure.
8. Apply a wet coat in even, parallel passes with 50 percent overlap to avoid holidays, bare areas and pinholes. If required, cross spray at right angles.
9. When applying Amerlock 400 directly over inorganic zincs or zinc rich primers, a mist coat/full coat technique may be required to minimize bubbling. This will depend on the age of the Dimetcote®, surface roughness and conditions during curing.

*Note – Do not use Amerlock 400AL on water damp surfaces*

10. Ventilate confined areas with clean air between coats and while curing the final coat. Prevent moisture condensation on the surface between coats.

11. Repair damaged areas by brush or spray.

12. Clean equipment with thinner or Amercoat 12 immediately after use.

## Shipping Data

Packaging unit	2 gal	5 gal
cure	1-gal can	2.5-gal can
resin	1-gal can	2.5-gal can
Shipping weight (approx)	lbs	kg
2-gal unit		
400 cure	12.5	5.7
2/400 resin	13.7	6.2
400AL cure	12.1	5.5
400AL resin	11.0	5.0
5-gal unit		
400 cure	31.8	14.4
2/400 resin	35.0	15.9
400AL cure	30.9	14.0
400AL resin	28.3	12.8

Shelf life when stored indoors at 40° to 100°F (4° to 38°C)  
 resin and cure 3 years from date of manufacture.

Numerical values are subject to normal manufacturing tolerances, color and testing variances. Allow for application losses and surface irregularities.

This mixed product is photochemically reactive as defined by the South Coast Air Quality Management District's Rule 102 or equivalent regulations.

## Safety Precautions

Read each component's material safety data sheet before use. Mixed material has hazards of each component. Safety precautions must be strictly followed during storage, handling and use.

**CAUTION – Improper use and handling of this product can be hazardous to health and cause fire or explosion.**

**Do not use this product without first taking all appropriate safety measures to prevent property damage and injuries. These measures may include, without limitation: implementation of proper ventilation, use of proper lamps, wearing of proper protective clothing and masks, tenting and proper separation of application areas. Consult your supervisor. Proper ventilation and protective measures must be provided during application and drying to keep solvent vapor concentrations within safe limits and to protect against toxic hazards. Necessary safety equipment must be used and ventilation requirements carefully observed, especially in confined or enclosed spaces, such as tank interiors and buildings.**

**This product is to be used by those knowledgeable about proper application methods. PPG makes no recommendation about the types of safety measures that may need to be adopted because these depend on application and space, of which PPG is unaware and over which it has no control.**

**If you do not fully understand the warnings and instructions or if you cannot strictly comply with them, do not use the product.**

**Note:** Consult Code of Federal Regulations Title 29, Labor, parts 1910 and 1915 concerning occupational safety and health standards and regulations, as well as any other applicable federal, state and local regulations on safe practices in coating operations.

***This product is for industrial use only. Not for residential use.***



**PPG Protective & Marine Coatings**

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